

## SiMP 2K 50LV part A

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## Safety data sheet

## SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name SiMP 2K 50LV part A

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Part A of bicomponent, methoxy silane-based, adhesive for generic industrial

applications.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name N.P.T. S.r.I.
Full address via Guido Rossa 2

District and Country 40053 Valsamoggia - Loc. Crespellano (BO)

Italy

Tel. +39 051 969109 Fax +39 051 969837

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet infoSDS@nptsrl.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Laboratories and manufactory plant - Gropello Cairoli (PV)

+39 0382 815132 (avaiable from Monday to Friday, only in the following office hours:

8.30-12.30, 13.30-17.00).

## **SECTION 2. Hazards identification.**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is not classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). However, since the product contains hazardous substances in concentrations such as to be declared in section no. 3, it requires a safety data sheet with appropriate information, compliant to EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

## 2.1.1. Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and following amendments and adjustments.

Hazard classification and indication: --

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard pictograms: --

Signal words: --

Hazard statements:

EUH208 Contains: N-[3-(TRIMETHOXYSILYL)PROPYL]ETHYLENEDIAMINE.

May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements: --

Safety data sheet available for professional users on request.

2.3. Other hazards.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.**

### 3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

ΕN



## N.P.T. S.r.I.

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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients. .../>>

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification. Conc. %. Classification 67/548/EEC. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, n-ALKANES, <2% AROMATICS

CAS 64771-72-8 5 - 6

R66. Xn R65

Asp. Tox. 1 H304, EUH066

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H332

EC. 929-018-5

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Reg. no. 01-2119475608-26-xxxx
VINYLTRIMETHOXYSILANE.

CAS. 2768-02-7 4 - 4.5 R10, Xn R20

EC. 220-449-8

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Reg. no. 01-2119513215-52-0003

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

 $T+= Very\ Toxic(T+),\ T=Toxic(T),\ Xn=Harmful(Xn),\ C=Corrosive(C),\ Xi=Irritant(Xi),\ O=Oxidizing(O),\ E=Explosive(E),\ F+=Extremely\ Flammable(F+),\ F=Highly\ Flammable(F),\ N=Dangerous\ for\ the\ Environment(N)$ 

## **SECTION 4. First aid measures.**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: remove immediately with a clean cloth or paper and wash affected area with soap and water.

SKIN: take off contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, consult a doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

INHALATION: In case of feeling unwell remove patient to fresh air and seek medical attention if breathing difficulty succeeding.

INGESTION: eject the product and rinse mouth with water.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Prolonged contact may cause allergic reactions.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Consult a doctor if symptoms are severe or in the case of persistent irritation of the skin.

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters.

**GENERAL INFORMATION** 

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

## SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.



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SECTION 6. Accidental release measures. .../>>

## 6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7. Handling and storage.**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

## **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.**

#### 8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. Containing the list of workplace exposure limits for

use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (as amended).

Éire Code of Practice Chemical Agent Regulations 2011.

OEL EU Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive

2000/39/EC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2012

			VINYLTRIN	<b>METHOXYSILA</b>	NE.			
Predicted no-effect cor	centration - P	NEC.						
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment						0,046	mg/kg	
Normal value in fresh water						0,34	mg/l	
Normal value for water, intermittent release						3,4	mg/l	
Normal value in marine water						0,034	mg/l	
Normal value for fresh water sediment						0,27	mg/kg	
Normal value of STP microorganisms						110	mg/l	
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - DNE	L / DMEL						
	Effects on consumers. Effects					on workers		
Route of exposure	Acute local Acute		Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic localChronic	
		systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic		systemic
Oral.			VND	0,3 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation.	VND	93.4	VND	1.04			VND	4,9
milation.	VIVE	mg/m3	VIVE	mg/m3			VIVE	mg/m3
Skin.	VND	26,9	VND	0,3			VND	0,69
		mg/kg/d		mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

#### l egend

 $(C) = CEILING \hspace*{0.2cm} ; \hspace*{0.2cm} INHAL = Inhalable \hspace*{0.2cm} Fraction \hspace*{0.2cm} ; \hspace*{0.2cm} RESP = Respirable \hspace*{0.2cm} Fraction \hspace*{0.2cm} ; \hspace*{0.2cm} THORA = Thoracic \hspace*{0.2cm} Fraction.$ 

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

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## SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection. .../>>

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

**EYE PROTECTION** 

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

## **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.**

threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance paste Colour white Odour characteristic Not available Odour threshold. pΗ. Not available Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Not available. Initial boiling point. Boiling range. Not available. Flash point. 250 °C Not available. Evaporation rate Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Lower inflammability limit. Not available. Upper inflammability limit. Not available. Lower explosive limit. Not available Upper explosive limit. Not available. Vapour pressure. Not available Not available. Vapour density Relative density. Not available. Solubility insoluble in water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available. Auto-ignition temperature. 250 °C. Decomposition temperature. Not available. Viscosity 20000-25000 cps Explosive properties Not available Not available. Oxidising properties

9.2. Other information.

VOC (Directive 1999/13/EC): 0
VOC (volatile carbon): 0

## **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.**

#### 10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials.

Information not available.





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### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity. .../>>

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

## **SECTION 11. Toxicological information.**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

VINYLTRIMETHOXYSILANE.

LD50 (Oral). 7178 mg/kg Rattus sp.
LD50 (Dermal). 3200 mg/kg Oryctolagus sp.
LC50 (Inhalation). 16,8 mg/l/4h Rattus sp.

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, n-ALKANES, <2% AROMATICS

LD50 (Oral). > 2000 mg/kg Rattus sp. LD50 (Dermal). > 2000 mg/kg Oryctolagus sp.

LC50 (Inhalation). > 5 mg/l Rattus sp.

## **SECTION 12. Ecological information.**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation.

#### 12.1. Toxicity.

VINYLTRIMETHOXYSILANE.

LC50 - for Fish. 191 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 25 mg/l Selenastrum capricornutum

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Information not available.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil, sewers and waterways.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## **SECTION 14. Transport information.**

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.



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## **SECTION 15. Regulatory information.**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category. None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Contained substance.

Point. 52 DIISONONYL PHTHALATE

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None.

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls.

Information not available.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

## **SECTION 16. Other information.**

**H304** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R10 FLAMMABLE.

R20 HARMFUL BY INHALATION.

R65 HARMFUL: MAY CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE IF SWALLOWED.

R66 REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SKIN DRYNESS OR CRACKING.

#### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train



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## SECTION 16. Other information. .../>>

- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation.

### **GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY**

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
- 3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EC) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EC) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- 10. Handling Chemical Safety
- 11. Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- 12. INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- 13. Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- 14. N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- 15. ECHA website

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 07 / 08 / 10 / 15.